

## Exercices sur les fonctions cyclométriques

Déterminer le domaine de définition des fonctions suivantes:

$$1) f(x) = -\text{Arcsin}(3 - x^2)$$

$$2) f(x) = \text{Arctg}\left(\frac{1}{x - 2}\right)$$

$$3) f(x) = \text{Arccos}(x^2 - 2x)$$

$$4) f(x) = \frac{2}{\text{Arcsin}(3x)}$$

$$5) f(x) = \frac{\text{Arccos}(2x)}{\text{Arctg}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)}$$

$$6) f(x) = \text{Arcsin}(-x^2 - 2x + 1)$$

$$7) f(x) = \text{Arcsin}(2 - 5x)$$

$$8) f(x) = \text{Arccos}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$9) f(x) = \text{Arcsin}(3x) - \text{Arccos}(2x)$$

$$10) f(x) = -\text{Arctg}(3x - 6x^2)$$

■ Solutions

$$1) [-2, -\sqrt{2}] \cup [\sqrt{2}, 2]$$

$$2) \mathbb{R} \setminus \{2\}$$

$$3) [1 - \sqrt{2}, 1 + \sqrt{2}]$$

$$4) [-\frac{1}{3}, 0[ \cup ]0, \frac{1}{3}]$$

$$5) [-\frac{1}{2}, 0[ \cup ]0, \frac{1}{2}]$$

$$6) [-1 - \sqrt{3}, -2] \cup [0, -1 + \sqrt{3}]$$

$$7) [\frac{1}{5}, \frac{3}{5}]$$

$$8) \leftarrow, -1] \cup [1, \rightarrow$$

$$9) [-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}]$$

$$10) \mathbb{R}$$

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Dérivation

$$1) f(x) = \text{Arcsin}(5x)$$

$$2) f(x) = \text{Arctg}(6x + 3)$$

$$3) f(x) = \text{Arccos}(x - 2)$$

$$4) f(x) = \frac{2}{\text{Arcsin}(3x)}$$

$$5) f(x) = \text{Arctg}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

$$6) f(x) = \text{Arcsin}(1 - 2x)$$

$$7) f(x) = -\text{Arcsin}(3 - x^2)$$

$$8) f(x) = \text{Arccos}\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$9) f(x) = \text{Arcsin}^2(x)$$

$$10) f(x) = \text{Arctg}(\sqrt{x})$$

■ Solutions

$$1) \frac{5}{\sqrt{1 - 25x^2}}$$

$$2) \frac{3}{18x^2 + 18x + 5}$$

$$3) -\frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^2 + 4x - 3}}$$

$$4) -\frac{6}{\sqrt{1 - 9x^2} \text{Arcsin}^2(3x)}$$

$$5) \frac{2}{x^2 + 4}$$

$$6) -\frac{1}{\sqrt{-(x-1)x}}$$

$$7) \frac{2x}{\sqrt{-x^4 + 6x^2 - 8}}$$

$$8) \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{x^2-1}{x^2}}}$$

$$9) \frac{2 \text{Arcsin}(x)}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

$$10) \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}(x+1)}$$